

UNIVERSITY OF PARMA  
Department of Engineering and Architecture  
Degree course in Computer, Electronic and Communications Engineering  
**PRACTICAL TEST IN COMPUTER SCIENCE & PROGRAMMING LABORATORY**  
June 17<sup>th</sup>, 2024

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Surname: \_\_\_\_\_ Matr: \_\_\_\_\_ Workstation: \_\_\_\_\_

Write a program using the C language (name the project with your student <ID>) that behaves as described below. The available time is 120 minutes. At the end of the time, the saved files on U:\ are going to be automatically collected. Additional documents, files... are available in T:\Bertozzi, it is recommended to use WordPad to read text files.

A polynomial of the form

$$2x^7 + 3x^3 - 5x^2 + 7$$

can be represented as a sequence of multiplicative constants and exponents, in this case:

$$(2, 7) (3, 3) (-5, 2) (7, 0) \text{ namely } 2, 7, 3, 3, -5, 2, 7, 0$$

We want to develop a program in C that is able to manage such representation and also deal with the sum of polynomials. Specifically, the program must:

1. Read and store in an appropriate data structure the contents of the file "polinomi.txt" which contains, line by line, the sequence of constants and exponents representing a single polynomial, separated by one or more spaces. **They are not necessarily ordered by exponent.**

At the end of the reading, it should print the number of polynomials read from the file.

2. Iteratively:
  - a) Considering the number of polynomials contained in the file, generate two random numbers to randomly select two polynomials among those read and stored from the file.
  - b) Print the "selected" polynomials in the **ordered** form  $a_n x^n + a_{(n-1)} x^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_0$ .
  - c) Calculate the sum of the two polynomials and print it using the indicated format.

**Example of execution:**

```
I read 512 polynomials, calculating the sum of polynomials #201 and #4
P1:    -19x^19+3x^17-2x^16+11x^15-4x^13-18x^9+4
P2:    +16x^19+2x^18+1x^17+8x^16+2x^14+6
SUM:   -3x^19+2x^18+4x^17+6x^16+11x^15+2x^14-4x^13-18x^9+10
```

**Simplifying assumptions:**

- Assume that the maximum possible degree for a polynomial is 20. Use this to size any data structures.
- The last number of each line is directly followed by a newline character. Use this to determine when you reach the end of the line when reading the coefficient/exponent pairs.

The code should be developed following the proposed order. The correction stops at the first incorrectly implemented step.